### IDSA Antimicrobial Stewardship Centers of Excellence - Core Criteria Description

# Program attests to complying with <u>CDC Core Elements</u>, specifically:

- Sustained Institutional Leadership Support
- Represents having ID Physician Leadership of the ASP, who receive protected time or compensation for their leadership.
- o Represents having Drug Expertise with ID-trained Pharmacist
  - PharmD with **one** of the following:
    - o Three years of clinical pharmacy experience AND AS training course certificate (SIDP/MAD-ID course) AND a letter of endorsement from ID Physician
    - o Completed PGY-1 Residency AND AS training course certificate (SIDP/MAD-ID course)
    - o PGY-2 Residency in ID
    - o ID fellowship
- o Has established protocols, consistent with reporting on antibiotic use and resistance patterns to clinicians, and proven interventions that effectively optimize antimicrobial use
- o Provides on-going education to facility staff

Demonstrate effective use of Electronic Health Record (EHR) and/or Clinical Decision Support System (CDSS) as an integral component of the ASP. At a minimum, a program should be able to demonstrate the following capabilities of their EHR/CDSS:

- Produces reports on overall antibiotic use and trends (antibiotic use measured by using defined daily dosing (DDD) or days of therapy (DOT)).
- Produces reports on ASP interventions accepted and actions taken (e.g., percentage of cases where therapy is appropriate, adherence to hospital-specific guidelines, frequency at which de-escalation occurs, appropriate cultures obtained before starting antibiotics, timely administration of appropriate antibiotics for those cases of suspected sepsis, and performance of antibiotic time-outs), and measures of appropriate use and outcome measures such as length of stay, risk-adjusted mortality, hospital-onset *C. difficile* infection rates, adverse drug reactions, and antibiotic-resistance (focusing on hospital onset cases).

# IDSA Antimicrobial Stewardship Centers of Excellence - Possible Supporting Documentation\*

### **Leadership Commitment:**

Dedicate necessary human, financial and information technology resources.

#### **Accountability:**

Appoint a leader or co-leaders, such as a physician and pharmacist, responsible for program management and outcomes.

- Hospital mission statement, if it specifically mentions AMS as a priority or its associated values of safety and quality.
- Letter of attestation from division chief or C-suite executive reflecting leadership commitment and assigned accountability.
- Documentation of ID physician leadership of the ASP, including amount of protected time or compensation for their leadership.
- Print out/screenshot of facility's website that outlines ASP leaders and title(s).

### **Drug Expertise:**

Appoint a pharmacist, ideally as the co-leader of the stewardship program, to lead implementation efforts to improve antibiotic use.

- $\geq$  1 following (depending on which criteria PharmD fulfills):
  - Letter from institution or ID physician, attesting that Pharmacist has three years of clinical experience
  - Copy of certificate of PGY-1 Residency
  - Copy of certificate of PGY-2 ID Residency
  - Copy of training certificate (MAD-ID or SIDP)
  - Copy of certificate of ID fellowship

#### **Action:**

Monitor antibiotic prescribing, impact of interventions, and other important outcomes like C. difficile infection and resistance patterns.

- Annual action plan for ASP.
- Copy of disease-specific protocol developed and implemented, with outcomes.
- List of peer-reviewed, published literature displaying effectiveness of interventions of ASP.

# Tracking:

Regularly report information on antibiotic use and resistance to prescribers, pharmacists, nurses, and hospital leadership.

- Monitoring antibiotic prescribing and resistance patterns.
- Demonstrate effective use of Electronic Health Record (EHR) and/or Clinical Decision Support System (CDSS) as an integral component of the ASP. At a minimum, a program should be able to demonstrate the following capabilities of their EHR/CDSS:
  - o Produces reports on overall antibiotic use and trends (antibiotic use measured by using defined daily dosing (DDD) or days of therapy (DOT));
  - O Produces reports on ASP interventions accepted and actions taken (e.g., percentage of cases where therapy is appropriate, adherence to hospital-specific guidelines, frequency at which deescalation occurs, appropriate cultures obtained before starting antibiotics, timely administration of appropriate antibiotics for those cases of suspected sepsis, and performance of antibiotic time-outs), and measures of appropriate use and outcome measures such as length of stay, risk- adjusted mortality, hospital-onset C. difficile infection rates, adverse drug reactions, and antibiotic-resistance (focusing on hospital onset cases).

# **Reporting:**

Regularly report information on antibiotic use and resistance to prescribers, pharmacists, nurses, and hospital leadership.

- Demonstrating participation in CDC AUR Module;
- Examples of institution-specific reports (templates, past reports, etc.) and outline of reporting structure.

# **Education:**

Educate prescribers, pharmacists, and nurses about adverse reactions from antibiotics, antibiotic resistance and optimal prescribing.

Documentation that reflects well-established and ongoing education efforts with clinicians, including clinicians of various disciplines (surgery, hospitalists, pulmonary, etc.), nurses, and pharmacists.