Congress of the United States Mashington, DC 20515

March 24, 2023

The Honorable Robert Aderholt Chair House Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Washington, DC 20515 The Honorable Rosa DeLauro Ranking Member House Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chair Aderholt and Ranking Member DeLauro:

As you and your colleagues begin work on the Fiscal Year (FY) 2024 Labor-Health and Human Services-Education appropriations bill, we respectfully request that you fully fund the Public Health Workforce Loan Repayment Program at its authorization level and provide \$50 million to launch the new Bio-Preparedness Workforce Pilot Program.

The state and local public health workforce is the backbone of the nation's governmental public health system but is facing a crisis. In the past decade, state and local health departments lost 15 percent of essential staff and 80,000 more full-time equivalents – an increase of nearly 80 percent – are needed to provide a minimum package of public health services.¹ While all health departments need additional staff, one of the most acute needs is in small local health departments which often serve rural communities.

Without sufficient staff, health departments may not be able to carry out essential services like screening and treatment for both chronic and communicable diseases; maternal and child health services; epidemiology and surveillance; routine immunizations; primary health care prevention services; and regulation, inspection, or licensing.. Local and state health departments are also our nation's first line response to public health emergencies. An underinvestment in state and local public health workforce leaves our communities under-prepared to respond to emergencies, including infectious disease outbreaks, environmental hazards, and weather-related events.

Meanwhile, the infectious disease (ID) workforce that works in collaboration with public health is also in crisis. Nearly 80 percent of US counties have no ID physician, and recruitment is dwindling. This year, only 56 percent of ID training programs filled their positions, while most other medical specialties filled all or nearly all of their training programs. ID physicians are among the lowest compensated in medicine, and student loan debt is a key barrier to entering the field. Similar shortages and recruitment challenges exist for infection preventionists, clinical laboratory staff, pharmacists, physician assistants, nurses and other clinicians who specialize in ID.

Last year, Congress recognized the need to bolster both the public health and ID workforces and included in Section 2221 of the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2023 bipartisan legislation authorizing both the Public Health Workforce Loan Repayment Program and the Bio-Preparedness Workforce Pilot Program. Congress must now follow through on its commitment and fully fund Section 2221 in Fiscal Year 2024.

With full funding of \$100 million, the Public Health Workforce Loan Repayment Program will promote the recruitment of as many as 2,000 public health professionals at local, state, and Tribal public health

¹ https://debeaumont.org/staffing-up/

agencies. Under the program, individuals who have recently graduated or are in their final year of pursuing a public health degree, health professions degree, or relevant certificate may receive up to \$50,000 in educational loan repayment in exchange for a three-year service commitment at a local, state, or Tribal public health agency. Similarly, an allocation of \$50 million for the Bio Preparedness Pilot, also based on bipartisan legislation, offers loan repayment opportunities to ID professional to address severe shortages in the ID workforce.

As your Subcommittee makes funding decisions for FY 2024, we urge you to provide \$100 million to the Public Health Workforce Loan Repayment Program and \$50 million to launch the new Bio-Preparedness Workforce Pilot Program. Such an investment will help our local, state, and Tribal health departments and ID partners rebuild their workforce, which is essential to America's ability to confront current public health challenges and prepare for future crises. The Public Health Workforce Loan Repayment Program and Pilot Program are commonsense incentives that will help ensure our public health and ID workforce grows and have the staff needed to keep our communities safe and healthy in the years to come.

Sincerely,

Jason Crow Member of Congress

tto A Thison mark Mariannette Miller-Meeks, M.D. Member of Congress

Brian K. Fitzpatrick Member of Congress

Jefferson Van Drew Member of Congress

Michael C. Burgess, M.D. Member of Congress

Lori Trahan Member of Congress

Jasmine Crockett Member of Congress

MCB

Lucy McBath Member of Congress

ma tos

Dina Titus Member of Congress

leano H. Noton

Eleanor Holmes Norton Member of Congress

Jan Schakowsky Member of Congress

Donald G. Davis Member of Congress

Schotte

Hillary Ø. Scholten Member of Congress

M has

Anna G. Eshoo Member of Congress

Lisa Blunt Rochester Member of Congress

Troy Carter Member of Congress

William R. Keating Member of Congress

Ami Bera, M.D. Member of Congress

: Sewell

Terri A. Sewell Member of Congress

María Elvira Salazar Member of Congress

2h K m

Deborah K. Ross Member of Congress

Stephen F. Lynch Member of Congress

Sean Casten Member of Congress

Zoe Lofgren Member of Congress

Timmy Panetta Member of Congress

Colin Z. Alfred Member of Congress

Gaig

Angie Craig Member of Congress

ina Datate

Diana DeGette Member of Congress

uesenka Perez Marie G

Marie Gluesenkanp Perez Member of Congress

Aligne & Menenberge

Abigail Davis Spanberger Member of Congress

d. Danie

Danny K. Davis Member of Congress

Marc A. Veasey Member of Congress